## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of Tennessee

United States of America  v.  Ankur Khemani  Defendant	) ) Case No. 3:20-CR-18-TAV-HBG-1 )	
	TION DENDING TOTAL	
ORDER OF DETENTION PENDING TRIAL		
Part I - Eligib	ility for Detention	
Upon the		
<ul><li>☑ Motion of the Government attorney pursua</li><li>☑ Motion of the Government or Court's own</li></ul>	nt to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2),	
the Court held a detention hearing and found that detention and conclusions of law, as required by 18 U.S.C. § 3142(i)	is warranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fact, in addition to any other findings made at the hearing.	
Part II - Findings of Fact and La	w as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)	
presumption that no condition or combination of com and the community because the following conditions  (1) the defendant is charged with one of the following conditions (a) a crime of violence, a violation of 18 § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum (b) an offense for which the maximum serior (c) an offense for which a maximum term (controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. § (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 (d) any felony if such person has been controlled in subparagraph, or two described in subparagraphs (a) through (b) in jurisdiction had existed, or a combination (c) a minor victim; (ii) the possession of (iii) any other dangerous weapon; or (iv)	bllowing crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1): 3 U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or mentence is life imprisonment or death; or m of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the § 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); or onvicted of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs or more State or local offenses that would have been offenses (c) of this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal on of such offenses; or me of violence but involves: a firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921); a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; and	
§ 3142(f)(1), or of a State or local offense that to Federal jurisdiction had existed; and	ted of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C. at would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise	
(3) the offense described in paragraph (2) about committed while the defendant was on releas	ove for which the defendant has been convicted was e pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; and lapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the	

defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

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X Lack of stable residence

Lack of financially responsible sureties

□ Lack of significant community or family ties to this district

AO 472 (Rev. 11/16) Order of Detention Pending Trial		
Significant family or other ties outside the United States		
Lack of legal status in the United States		
Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration		
Prior failure to appear in court as ordered		
Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement		
Use of alias(es) or false documents		
Background information unknown or unverified		
Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release		
OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION:  The Court finds that the evidence and other information provided at the hearing established by clear and convincing		

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evidence that the Defendant poses a serious risk of danger to the community or another person, as well as that by a preponderance of evidence that the Defendant is a risk of non-appearance, and ultimately no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of individuals or the community or ensure the Defendant's appearance at trial if the Defendant were released on bond. The factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) weigh in favor of detention. The Court sets forth the reasons for detention with more specificity in the attached supplemental Statement of Reasons. Accordingly, Defendant's Motion for Release from Custody [Doc. 55] will be DENIED.

## Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

Date:	07/01/2020	Bruce I for
		United States Magistrate Judge